WALSH SAYS:

Opportunity knocks oftenest at the door of the well-dressed man.

Are you prepared?

Drop in tomorrow and see the wonderfully attractive fabrics we are showing for hot weather.

We make clothes for the men who are making Memphis.



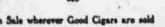
The Tailor

83 South Main St.

Buy Your First One Today

You'll understand at once, the charm that goes with every Don Remo Cigar.





TAXPAYERS

The county tax books for 1919 assessment purposes are displayed for inspection of the public in the office of the County Assessor, Courthouse. The Board of Equalization will meet on the following days to review the valuation of real estate as submitted by the County Assessor.

Tax books are open for inspection 9 a.m. to 4 p.m., Saturdays excepted, when books will be open from 9 a.m. to 12 noon only.

The Board will be in session on days named below from 10 to 12 noon for petitions from taxpayers. Written petition for changes in valuation may be filed with the clerk at any time.

All taxpayers dissatisfied with assessment of their property should not overlook the opportunity to petition the Board, as there is no other ap-

Personal property assessments for individuals, corporations and all others liable for such tax will be reviewed as below.

Banks, corporations and all others liable for personal property taxes as below.

Wards 30, 31, 32—Wednesday, June 4, 1919. Wards 26, 27, 28, 29—Thursday, June 5, 1919. Wards 21, 22, 24, 25—Friday, June 6, 1919. Wards 17, 18, 19, 20—Saturday, June 7, 1919. Wards 13, 14, 15, 16-Monday, June 9, 1919. Wards 11, 12—Tuesday, June 10, 1919. Wards 8, 9, 10-Wednesday, June 11, 1919. Wards 6, 7, 23—Thursday, June 12, 1919. Wards 4, 5-Friday, June 13, 1919. Wards 1, 2, 3—Saturday, June 14, 1919. Civil Districts 6, 7-Monday, June 16, 1919. Civil Districts 1, 2—Tuesday, June 17, 1919. Civil Districts 3, 4—Wednesday, June 18, 1919.

Personal Property—Thursday, June 19, Friday June 20, Saturday, June 21, 1919.

Banks and Corporations—Monday, June 23, Tuesday, June 24, Wednesday, June 25, Thursday, June 26, 1919.

Special Hearings—Friday, June 27, Saturday, June 28, Monday, June 30, 1919.

COUNTY BOARD OF EQUALIZATION,

W. H. HERRON, Chairman. FRANK J. RICE, Secretary. M. C. GIBSON. E. L. MOORE. MINOR CALLIS.

CONCESSIONS TO

Final Treaty Not Believed to Be Ready Soon-Germans Use Some of Wilson's Own Arguments in Reply.

BY DAVID LAWRENCE.

(The News Scimitar's Special Corre-washington, June 3. Germany irgues for a modification of peace terms and hands back to the United States some of President Wilson's own arguments before the days when be

arguments before the days when he began yielding to others in the council of four. Cabled dispatches from Paris say the utilies are seriously considering making concessions, and so far as the United States is concerned expressions of dissatisfaction with both the terms of the treaty and the covenant of the league of nations continues to reach numbers of the senate.

Peacemaking is not to be done as hastily as give advocates of make a treaty first and talk about a league of nations afterward policy would have it, and Washington today isn't a bit more sure of the time when peace is to come to the world than it was on the day some of the allies began insisting that their own national interest must supersede the general interest. For fear of being caller pro-German, many persons in official life in Washington hesitated as much as people outside of Washington have hesitated to point out the mistakes made in the Versallies treaty. Even members of the senate, who want to have the treaty amended admit they may have to face such an outery.

Liberal Views Developing

Liberal Views Developing.

Liberal Views Developing.

Nevertheless the editorials and statements of Liberal publications both in the United States and Great Britain who have courageously exposed many of the weaknesses of the peace treaty are being closely read here, and many a man who hasn't quite made up his mind to come out in the open with his thoughts is nevertheless admitting that if peace is to be established in Europe, if wounds are to be healed and the world is to try to settle its disputes jeacofully hereafter, a bad start has been made in Paris.

This is only natural in circles where the Wilson philosophy was closely followed. If the president, for example, believed two months ago that it was unnecessary to give France political control of the Saar basin after the coal products therein had been assured to France, many of his friends here think he must believe the same thing today and that his acquiescence in the French point of view cannot have been anything else but a measure of expediency on his part in the hope of preventing a break among the allies.

Germany's Financial Limit.

Germany's Financial Limit.

The same is true of the economic strangements and the attitude of the American financial experts, who include men not for a minute to be accused of sympathy with Germany because they have themselves been among their chief proponents of the allied cause, even before the United States entered the war. These financial experts say Germany cannot paymore than 25,000,000,000 of marks and they can't agree with any of the provisions for the collection of the indemnity.

is not a sentimental, but a practl at is not a sentimental, but a practiil point of view they have, based on a
sire to see Europe reconstructed. It
as the peace of vengeance as opposed
the peace of justice which split the
lies, and now that President Wilson
elded on so many points and lost the
apport of many liberals in Europe and
merica, both Premier Clemenceau and
remier Lloyd George are wondering if
r. Wilson wasn't right in the first
acc.

Few people in Washington believe rimany has been too severely dealt th. Nobody is arguing the question just deserts, but many people are indering if the statesmen in Paris ally think armies can be kept in rope indefinitely to impose the terms not need military force to sustain.

It is hardly believed that the allies will go to the point of forcing Germany to accept the treaty at Versailles and at the same time exclude her from membership in the league of nations. If the provisions in the Versailles treaty are necessary and are just, will the allies deny Germany a voice in the council of nations to secure correction of those terms should future experience demonstrate that the German people must turn to Bolshevism as their salvation?

Differing Points of View. Differing Points of View.

The American delegation to the peace conference, according to cable dispatches, favors including Germany in the league of nations so that the German people can have an opportunity to ask for revision from time to time, and say that the allies, in accordance as Germany seems to be acting in goor faith are considering changes.

But if the door is shut now against future discussion and French troops are kept in the Saar basin, and a plebiacite is held is years from now, or propaganda and newspapers and political control has been exercised, the Germans say the allies might as well call it annexation, for it will amount to the same thing in the end.

President Wilson thought the allies had promised the ilbertal and radical elements of Europe that a peace without annexations would be made, and argued against tainting the cause of democracy with territorial aggrandisement. He yielded nevertheless to the French claim, and now he is in the position of agreeing with the German argument or openly confessing that he surrendered his convictions to the French point of view.

History's Possible Verdict.

History's Possible Verdict.

Mr. Wilson's followers in the national capital see, therefore, new dilemmas in the German reply asking for modification of the peace treaty. If the president cares about the verdict of future historians, the records will show that the Germans turned back on Mr. Wilson his own words. Two things are going to happen, therefore; either the allies will say to Germany that the peace of Versailles is compelled by necessity, by a lack of faith in German promises, and that admission to the league is the only concession that can be made at present, or else the allies including the president, are going to stand firm on the previsions of the treaty and league of nations and force it down the German throat.

The supreme test of Mr. Wilson's diplemacy is close at hand. Liberal opinion in America has been denouncing the president for failing to condemn the Shantung proposals and to stand by China, as against Japan; Italians in the United States are on the fence about the peace treaty until they know what is done about Flume: the Jews are not overenthusiasitstic about a peace treaty that sets up a government in Poland which denies religious liberty and sanctions pegroms; some critics of a league of nations believe America is entangling herself too much in European affairs and altogether the elements of opposition to the treaty and league are tending to increase.

This fact is recognized in Washington by friends of the president, and instead of being back here during the month of June to defend his work in Paris, the impression seems to prevail that Mr. Wilson will not be back for another month or so. Many senate Republicans want to make a party issue of the whole business; Democrats say they would welcome it. Dissatisfaction in other countries with the peace treaty is growing. The United States senate may not be the only body anxious to amend.

There is evidence that the council of four is taking cognizance of the opposition. Mr. Wilson will be better satisfied if he would resort to open diplomacy,

of the stomach has upset many a night's rest. If your stomach is aciddisturbed, dissolve two or three

on the tongue before retiring and enjoy refreshing sleep. The purity and goodness of Ki-moids guaranteed by

SCOTT & BOWNE
MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION

strengthened by the people who want to see the peace treaty modified or even rejected.

Mr. Wilson saw much merit in bind-Mr. Wilson saw much merit in binding the league and the peace treaty
together so that the league would have
to be ratified, but the situation now
is changing so that many elements in
our population who do not fike the peace
treaty are telling senators they are not
much interested in a league of nations
that merely perpetuates the rule of the
victors and not establish a family of
nations wherein may be heard the
voices of both the victor and the vanquished.

(Copyright, 1919, by the New York Eve-ning Post, Inc.)

LICENSE COLLECTIONS SURPASSES LAST YEAR'S

The office of the collector of license and privileges is proving a source of no mean increase in the city's reveues for the year 1919, to the delight of Alfred D. Mason, finance commisioner. The office has collected \$1.46. 54.40 in five months this year, as minst \$114,000 for the entire year of 18.

S. L. Moore, Jr., collector of licenses and privileges, stated Tuesday that the greatest increase in any one month tver last year was January, 1918, was recorded. The increase in May, 1919, over May, 1918, showed \$2,100,50.

Mr. Moore does not attribute the great increase in the department to the growth of the city. He says that formerly many business houses should have paid privilege taxes did not do so for the simple reason that they were ave paid privilege taxes did not do o for the simple reason that they were not called upon. This year a force I inspectors constantly has been kept they have an other taxes. work, and the increased rever

STRIKE IN ARGENTINE.

BUENOS AIRES, June 3.—Dispatches received here from Rio Janeiro announce the commencement of a textile strike. The workers are demanding an eight-hour day and an increase in wages.

The dispatches say that 20,000 workers were reported to be out Monday
night and that they expected the employes in other industries to join in the

BIG COTTON FIRE.

NORFOLK, Va., June 2.—Fire de-troyed cotton valued at approximately (200,000 in the warehouse of Freiburg ompany here last night. The cotton, composed mostly of inters, for the manufacture of guncotton, was owned by the Dunont de Nemours company. Several firemen and two sailors were injured while fighting the fire

WOULD STOP VIVISECTION. WASHINGTON, June 3.—A bill pro-hibiting vivisection of dogs in the Unit-ed States, its insular possessions and the District of Columbia was intro-duced yesterday by Senator Myers, of Montana. The measure is indorsed by rganization opposed

In Pimples. Sore and Burned Severely. Cuticura Healed.

"Eczema broke out in pimples and spread on my face and arms. "The skin was sore and it would burn so severely that I irritated the eruption by scratching. I could not stand to have my sleeves on my arms. I could not sleep any at night the eruption itched so.

"This lasted two weeks. Then I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used one cake of Soap and a box of Ointment when I was healed.' (Signed) Miss C. Blackledge, R. 1 Box 73, Laurel, Miss., June 18, 1918.

Having cleared your skin, keep it clear by using Cuticura Soap and Ointment for every-day toilet purposes and Cuticura Talcum to pow-der and perfume.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address post-card:
"Outlears, Dept. S. Boston." Sold everywhere.
Soap Mc. Ointment M and 50c. Talcom Mc.



Keep Your Hair Young

Do not allow premature grayness to rob your hair of its soft, dark, youthful lustre and beauty. Gray or faded hair deadens the most perfect complexion-makes you look older than you really are. Preserve its natural charm and loveliness by means of a few simple, harmless treatments with



Hair Color Restorer

It brings back the dark, natural shade to hair that is gray, faded or streaked with gray. Renews its lustre—revives and stimulates growth-stops the hair from falling out.

Absolutely not a dye, and will not stain the scalp. Restores the color gradually and uniformly by a perfectly natural process. Does not rub off or interfere with shampooing or waving the hair.

For Hair Health and Beauty Q-ban Liquid Shampoo • Q-ban Hair Tonic • \$ Q-ban Hair Color Restorer

Q-ban Depilatory . . For sale at all drug stores and wherever totlet goods are sold

Again Tomorrow—GOLDSMITH'S

\$100,000 Increase in June!



Every Day a Record Breaker!

While Every Department Is Offering Wonderful Values in Seasonable Merchandise, We Call Your Special Attention Today to This

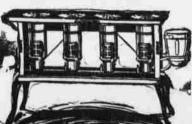
Big Sale of New Perfection Oil Stoves, Ovens, Heaters

at a Substantial Saving in Price

A big special purchase of one thousand "NEW PERFECTION" oil cook stoves, ovens and water heaters, made especially for Buyers and Managers Sale. Way last winter, when the ground was covered with sleet and snow, we had the summer comfort of our patrons in view—we were planning special offerings for this Ninth Annual Buyers and Managers Sale—and when the chance came to make this big special purchase at a great reduction in price, we grasped the opportunity, with the result that we are able to offer these celebrated cook stoves, ovens and water heat-

> Out-of-Town Customers Order by Mail All Orders Filled Same Day Received

"New Perfection"



Are Great Money-Savers

These "NEW PERFECTION" oil stoves are acknowledged to be the best and most satisfactory oil-burning stoves made. They have extra wide cooking surface and glass oil tank; easy to operate-odorless, smokeless and perfectly safe-

4 Burner Size, "New Perfection" Cook Stoves, \$21.50 3 Burner Size, "New Perfection" Cook Stoves, \$18.50

2 Burner Size, "New Perfection" Cook Stoves, \$15.00

'NEW PERFECTION" Sheet Steel Ovens with glass door; guaranteed a perfect baker; 2-burner size, \$4.95; size \$3.50

\$7.50 Vacuum Cleaner,





New Perfection Oil Burning Water Heater

\$29.75

This "NEW PERFECrion" water heater will heat your kitchen tank cheaper and they can be used in any locality; furnishes an abundance of heated water at all times at a great convenience and are money savers in any home; guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction; heater comwithout tank, for



Atlas "E-Z" Seal Fruit Jars, 83c With all glass tops:

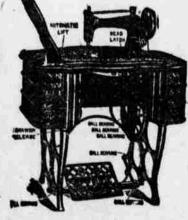
quart size, per dozen, 95c; pint stze, per 83c



50c Bottle O'Cedar Oil 29c

BIG 50c BOTTLE OF GENUINE O'CEDAR OIL. full 12-ounce size; Buyers and Managers Sale Wednesday, 29c.

Buyers and Managers Sale of



Lot No. 2 includes 6 machines, on sale at, your choice, \$26.75. Lot No. 3 includes 5 machines, on sale at, your choice, \$31.75. Lot No. 4 includes 4 machines, on sale at, your choice, \$39.78.

Let No. 5 includes 7 machines, on sale at, your choice, \$42.50.

Lot No. 6 includes 2 machines, on sale at, your choice, \$47.75.

Sold on Our Easy Payment Club Plan.

\$1.00 Down and \$1.00 a Week

Used for Demonstration Purposes and War Work

"The FREE" Sewing Machine being the most perfect sewing machine in America—the lightest running, the fastest sewing, and the most efficient machine-did its full share toward winning the war. We loaned many machines to various organizations during the war-and The Free' rendered valiant service.

These machines have been returned to us now, and, together with a number of machines used for demonstration purposes, we offer them in our Buyers and Managers Sale in 6 different lots-according to condition-at tremendously reduced prices.

\$1.25 **Brooms** for 95c

HOT - POINT ELECTRIC IRON; 6-1b. size; regular \$6.50 value for \$4.95

"ARCTIC" ICE CREAM FREEZERS, with best cedar tub and good block tin can: 4-qt. size, \$3.48; 3-qt. size, \$2.23

AMERICAN CHINA DIN-NER SETS, densisting of 56 pieces; several patterns to choose from; nice floral decorations; \$16.50 set\$11.98

7-PIECE NIPPON CHINA. hand-painted ice cream sets—one 14-inch ice cream tray and s ice cream plates; regular \$5.00 set, for... \$3,98

